

### **Kitsap County Incident Management Procedures**

### **Training and Evaluation**

The purpose of the task book is to provide consistent training and evaluation of the Kitsap County Incident Management Procedures Manual (KCIMP). The KCIMP Manual will serve as the basis of both classroom and practical Incident Management training. The following skill guides establish the training objectives for the practical application of the incident management procedures. Each Skill Guide is intended to cover a specific area or skill set within the incident management procedures. The intent is to ensure a consistent minimum standard is achieved by all personnel responsible for implementing the adopted incident management procedures, consistent with W.A.C. 296-305-0500 (b). It is recommended that each practitioner complete this training every two years.

Guide	Туре	Section	Subject
1.1	Initial Incident Management	6.9	Arrival Reports
1.2	Initial Incident Management	6.9	Size-up Report
1.3	Initial Incident Management	4.7	Accountability
1.4	Initial Incident Management	6.7	Tactical Objectives
2.1	Ongoing Incident Management	6.8	Incident Benchmarks
2.2	Ongoing Incident Management	6.11	Re-evaluation of I.A.P.
2.3	Ongoing Incident Management	6.7	Incident Rehabilitation
2.4	Ongoing Incident Management	6.12	Secondary Phase Transition
3.1	Incident Management Skills	5.13	Acknowledgement Tool
3.2	Incident Management Skills	5.13	Roll Call
3.3	Incident Management Skills	3.7	Establishing Divisions/Groups
3.4	Incident Management Skills	3.8	Managing Divisions/Groups
3.5	Incident Management Skills	3.8	Level II Staging Manager
3.6	Incident Management Skills	6.10	Command Transfer
3.7	Incident Management Skills	3.4	Incident Safety Officer
3.8	Incident Management Skills	Mayday	Managing the Mayday
4.0	Overall	All	Incident Management



## Kitsap County Training and Safety Officers

## TB

## Task Book

Objective	Method	Evaluator	Date
Didactic – All Personnel			
Read KCIMP Chapter 1			
Read KCIMP Chapter 2			
Read KCIMP Chapter 3			
Read KCIMP Chapter 4			
Read KCIMP Chapter 5			
Read KCIMP Chapter 6			
Instructor led class / Review of KCIMP			
Practical – All Personnel			T
Skill Guide 1.1 – Arrival Report			
Skill Guide 1.2 – Size-Up Report			
Skill Guide 1.3 – Accountability			
Skill Guide 1.4 – Tactical Objectives			
Practical – Fire Officers			T
Skill Guide 2.1 – Incident Benchmarks			
Skill Guide 2.2 – Re-evaluation of IAP			
Skill Guide 2.3 – Incident Rehabilitation			
Skill Guide 2.4 – Secondary Phase Transition			
Skill Guide 3.1 – Acknowledgment Tool			
Skill Guide 3.2 – Roll Call			
Skill Guide 3.3 – Establishing Divisions/Groups			
Skill Guide 3.4 – Managing Divisions/Groups			
Skill Guide 3.5 – Level II Staging Managing			
Skill Guide 3.6 – Command Transfer			
Skill Guide 3.7 – Incident Safety Officer			
Skill Guide 3.8 – Managing the Mayday			
Skill Guide 4.0 – Incident Management			
Certification Approval	Level	Name	Date



1.1	

Arrival Report	1
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Name:			
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Date:			

**Description:** This skill guide is intended to instruct and/or evaluate a company officer performing an arrival report on a structure fire or other significant event.

#### Reference

KCIMP 6.9

#### Performance Standards

NFPA 1021: 4.5.2, NFPA 1561: 8.9.1

Arriva	l Rei	$\alpha \alpha rt$
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**Task:** The Fire Officer will demonstrate competency performing an arrival report on a structure fire or other significant event.

**Conditions:** Given a structure fire or other incident (i.e. drill ground, phot based, or table top) and a radio the Fire Officer will perform the following objectives.

aic	a radio the file Officer will perform the following objectives.			
	Objectives		Р	F
1.	Communicate unit arrival (update location if	appropriate)		
2.	Situational snapshot (nothing showing or wo	orking fire)		
3.	Size, height, building type			
4. Initial objectives				
5. Command status				
	Initiating	Establishing		
6.	Identify side "Alpha" if necessary			
7. Identify safety or access information as needed				
8. Update to follow 360°				
Performance outcome: The initial arrival officer provides incoming units with a				
description of the incident through a concise arrival report.				

Evaluator comments:		
	Evaluator signature:	



1.2

Size un Deneut	Name:	
Size-up Report	Date:	
cription: This skill guid	e is intended to instruct and/or evaluate a	company officer conducting t

Des the size-up report following the scene survey.

### Reference

KCIMP 6.9

### Performance Standards

NFPA 1021: 4.2.5 (b), 4.5 (b), 4.6.1 (b)

Size-up Report		
Task: The Fire Officer will demonstrate competency performing a size-up report.		
Conditions: Given a structure fire scenario (i.e. drill ground, phot based, or table top) and a	radi	O
the Fire Officer will perform the following objectives after performing a size-up.		
Objectives	Р	F
1. 360° complete or incomplete		
2. Update building type, size, height and announce basement status (yes/no)		
3. Incident problems, including life safety status		
4. Update strategy - Offensive or Defensive		
5. Update command status, if necessary		
6. Update side "Alpha," if necessary		
7. Incident hazards		
Pause if needed		
8. Accountability location designation		
9. Provide initial assignments and/or request resources		
Performance outcome: The Fire Officer effectively communicates the size-up report to		
incoming resources.		
Evaluator comments:		
Evaluator signature:		



1	3	
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Accountability
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Name:	 	 	
Date:			

**Description:** This skill guide is intended to instruct and/or evaluate the ability of an Incident Commander or Division/Group Supervisor to maintain personnel and tactical accountability during an incident.

#### Reference

KCIMP, Chapter 4

### Performance Standards

NFPA 1500: 8.3, NFPA 1021: 4.6.2 (b), NFPA 1561: 4.5, 8.5

### Accountability for I.C./Supervisor

**Task:** The Fire Officer will demonstrate competency maintaining personnel and tactical accountability at a structure fire.

**Conditions:** Given a structure fire scenario (i.e. drill ground, phot based, or table top exercise) and multiple companies, and a complete Size-up report including Incident Strategy and Strategic Objectives, the Fire Officer will perform the following objectives.

<u> </u>	jourvee, the the emeet will perform the following exjectives:			
	Objectives	Р	F	
1.	Pre-event			
	Team leader ensures crew is appropriately identified on unit passport			
	Helmet shields in place and consistent with passport			
2.	Team leader places unit passport on accountability board in an organized manner			
3.	Maintains personnel accountability			
	Division/Group Supervisors, team leader and team members			
4.	I.C. maintains strategic and tactical accountability of the units			
	Assignment			
	Location			
5.	Split teams, when appropriate			
6.	Span of control is maintained			
Per	Performance outcome: The Incident Commander or supervisor can immediately identify			
the	the location and assignment of all assigned personnel			

Evaluator comments:		
	Evaluator signa	ature:



1.4

Tactical	
Objectives	

Name: _			
Date:			

Evaluator signature:

**Description:** This skill guide is intended to instruct and/or evaluate the ability of an Incident Commander to provide a team tactical objectives.

### Reference

KCIMP 6.7

### Performance Standards

NFPA 1021: 4.2.1 (b), 4.2.2 (b), NFPA 1561: 5.1.15, 5.1.16

Tag	ctical Objectives				
Tas	<b>sk:</b> The Incident Commander	will provide tactical objectives	to a Group, Division, or team	1	
lea	der.				
Co	nditions: Given a structure fi	re scenario (i.e. drill ground, p	hot based, or table top), with	tacti	cal
obj	ectives within an IDLH enviror	nment, the Incident Command	er will perform the following		
obj	ectives.				
		Objectives		Р	F
1.	Ensure incident strategy and	tactical objectives are commu	ınicated		
	Announced in size-up	Announce all assignments	Face-to-face with team		
	report	via radio	leader		
2.	Provide Group/Division supe	rvisor or team leader with the	objective/task, including		
	location and access				
3.	Communicate assignment sp	pecific hazards/safety concern	S		
4.	Maintain accountability for th	e assigned Division, Group, o	r team		
Pe		cident Commander provides th			
witi	h the information necessary to	carry out their tactical objecti	ves with an awareness to		
the	incident strategy and condition	ons.			
Eva	luator comments:				



2.1

Incident
Benchmarks

Name:			
Date:			

**Description:** This skill guide is intended to instruct and/or evaluate the ability of an Incident Commander to achieve incident benchmarks.

### Reference

KCIMP 6.8

### Performance Standards

NFPA 1021: 4.6.2 (b), 4.6.3

Benchr	marks		
Task:	The Incident Commander will achieve the standard benchmarks for a structure fire in	cider	าt.
Condit	tions: Given a structure fire scenario, the Incident Commander will achieve and		
commu	unicate the following objectives in order commensurate to the incident needs.		
	Objectives	Р	F
360	0 complete (or unable to complete)		
Wa	ater on fire		
Fire	e controlled		
Pri	mary search – All clear		
RIT	T established		
Sa	fety established		
Co	mmand established		
Wa	ater supply established		
Pri	mary phase complete – Transfer to secondary phase		
Se	condary search – All clear		
Perfori	mance outcome: The Incident Commander achieves and communicates the		
comple	etion of the incident benchmarks commensurate to the incident needs.		
Evaluato	or comments:		



2.2

Re-evaluation	of
I.A.P.	4

Name: _			
Date:			

**Description:** This skill guide is intended to instruct and/or evaluate the ability of an Incident Commander to re-evaluate the incident action plan.

#### Reference

**KCIMP 6.11** 

#### Performance Standards

NFPA 1021: 4.6.1 (b), NFPA 1561: 8.9.1.6

### Re-evaluation of I.A.P. Task: The Incident Commander will re-evaluate the incident action plan. **Conditions:** Given a structure fire scenario and multiple companies, the Incident Commander will re-evaluate the incident action plan following the 10-minute ticker notification. Objectives Acknowledge 10-minute ticker notification, restate strategy, and communicate 1. changes to the incident Obtain C.A.N. reports as necessary Re-evaluate incident problems and conditions Hazards (building construction, basement, utilities, fire above, fire below) Problems (fire location, flow path, victims, access), including progression Identify value (life safety, incident stabilization, property conservation) Perform risk/benefit evaluation Update incident action plan as needed Perform ongoing size-up, which may include: Benchmarks Command status Strategy and objectives Incident phase (if changed) Any pertinent changes to incident **Performance outcome:** The Incident Commander re-evaluates the incident and updates the incident action plan, then communicates this information over the radio. Evaluator comments:



2.4

Secondary
<b>Phase Transition</b>

Name:			
Date:			

**Description:** This skill guide is intended to instruct and/or evaluate the ability of an Incident Commander to transition an incident from the primary phase to the secondary phase.

### Reference

**KCIMP 6.12** 

#### Performance Standards

NFPA 1021: 4.5.3 (b)

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**Task:** The Incident Commander will perform a safety and hazard survey, then brief all personnel on the hazards identified.

**Conditions:** Given a structure fire scenario and multiple companies, the Incident Commander will perform the following objectives.

700.			
	Objectives	Р	F
1.	Determine that the incident has been stabilized		
2.	Perform the safety and hazard survey (may be assigned to ISO)		
	Respiratory hazards		
	Structural stability hazards		
	Utility hazards		
3.	Eliminate, control, or mitigate hazards, as appropriate		
4.	Coordinate preservation of evidence with Fire Marshal, as appropriate		
5.	Perform safety briefing and/or communicate to all personnel		
	Control zones (cold, warm, hot, exclusion)		
	PPE requirements		
	Identified hazards and safety concerns		
6.	Re-evaluate and provide for rehabilitation as needed		
7.	Benchmark transition to Secondary Phase		
Pe	rformance outcome: Safety and hazard issues are identified and communicated to all		
pei	rsonnel prior to transitioning to the secondary phase. SCBA use is maintained within		
the	hot zone throughout overhaul		

the not zone throughout overhaul.		
Evaluator comments:	 	
Evaluator signature:		



3.1

Acknowledgement
Tool

Name: _			
Date:			

**Description:** This skill guide is intended to instruct and/or evaluate the ability of an Incident Commander or supervisor to communicate a message or obtain information from multiple teams or resources.

#### Reference

**KCIMP 5.13** 

#### Performance Standards

NFPA 1021: 4.6.2 (b), NFPA 1561: 4.5.12, 4.5.13

### Acknowledgement Tool

**Task:** The Incident Commander or supervisor will demonstrate competency communicating a message to multiple assigned teams via radio.

**Conditions:** Given a structure fire scenario and multiple companies, the Incident Commander or supervisor will demonstrate the ability to perform the following objectives.

Note: the examples provided in quotations are for withdrawing from a building. Other scenarios may be used.

	Objectives	Р	F
1.	Connect with all teams affected by the message		
	"All units from Sunset Command"		
2.	Convey the message		
	"Withdraw from the building, we are switching to Defensive"		
3.	Confirm the message was received by each team, individually		
	"E77 acknowledge"		
	Receive E77's acknowledgement		
	"L51 acknowledge"		
	Receive L51's acknowledgement		
4.	Announce that all teams have acknowledged the message		
	"Sunset Command all units are withdrawing from the building"		
Pe	rformance outcome: All teams receive and acknowledge receipt of the message or		
pro	vide the information requested by the Incident Commander or supervisor.		

Evaluator comments: _		
	Evaluator signature: _	



3.2

Roll Call	
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Name: _			
Dato			

**Description:** This skill guide is intended to instruct and/or evaluate the ability of an Incident Commander to determine the accountability of multiple teams.

#### Reference

**KCIMP 5.13** 

### Performance Standards

NFPA 1021: 4.6.2 (b), NFPA 1561: 4.5.14

#### Roll Call

**Task:** The Incident Commander will demonstrate competency determining the accountability of multiple teams on scenes.

**Conditions:** Given a structure fire scenario and multiple companies, the Incident Commander will demonstrate the ability to determine the accountability status of several teams.

Note: Examples are given in quotations, but any units may be used.

	Objectives	Р	F
1.	Connect with all teams affected by the message		
	"All units from Sunset Command, standby for roll call for accountability"		
2.	Determine accountability status with each division, group, or team		
	"E61 from Sunset Command, roll call"		
	"E61 par with 4"		
	"Sunset Command received; E61 par with 4"		
3.	Repeat for all teams		
4.	Compare reported par with tactical worksheet		
5.	Correct any accountability discrepancies		
6.	Announce roll call complete		
	"Sunset Command, roll call complete"		
Pe	rformance outcome: The Incident Commander is able to determine the accountability		
of a	all teams on scene		

Evaluator comments: _		
	Evaluator aignatura	
	Evaluator signature:	



3.3

Establishing
Divisions/Groups

Name:			
Date:			

**Description:** This skill guide is intended to instruct and/or evaluate the ability of an Incident Commander to establish a Division or Group.

#### Reference

KCIMP 3.7

### Performance Standards

WAC 296-305-05001 (4)

NFPA 1021: 5.6, NFPA 1561: 5.1.7-5.1.7.14, 5.10.1.3, 8.9.1.6

### Establishing Divisions/Groups

Task: Establish a Division or Group.

**Conditions:** Given a structure fire scenario with multiple teams operating in the hot zone and additional teams available for assignment, the Incident Commander will demonstrate the ability to complete the following objectives.

•	nerote are remaining enjoyanteer		
	Objectives	Р	F
1.	Identify the necessity to establish a Division/Group		
2.	Identify an appropriate Division/Group supervisor		
3.	Identify and provide the supervisor's radio designator		
	Provide ground frequency if appropriate		
4.	Provide the supervisor strategic objectives for the Division/Group		
5.	Provide the supervisor incident safety information		
6.	Provide the supervisor resources needed to achieve strategic objectives		
7.	Transfer personnel accountability		
8.	Incident Commander communicates transfer of supervision to affected teams		
Pei	rformance outcome: The Incident Commander recognizes the need to establish a		
Div	vision/Group and assign the supervisor a designator, objectives, and resources.		

Evaluator comments: _		
	Evaluator signature:	



3.4

Managing
Divisions/Groups

Name: _			
Date:			

**Description:** This skill guide is intended to instruct and/or evaluate the ability of a supervisor to manage a Division or Group.

### Reference

KCIMP 3.7

### Performance Standards

WAC 296-305-05001 (4)

NFPA 1021: 5.6, NFPA 1561: 4.5.7, 5.1.7-5.1.7.14, 5.8, 5.10.1.4, 5.10.1.4.5

### Managing Divisions/Groups

Task: Assume the role of Division/Group supervisor.

**Conditions:** Given a structure fire scenario with multiple teams operating in the hot zone and additional teams available for assignment, the supervisor will demonstrate the ability to complete the following objectives.

	Objectives	Р	F
1.	Receive Division/Group assignment from the Incident Commander		
2.	Receive personnel and tactical accountability		
3.	Size-up area of responsibility		
4.	Assign resources to achieve strategic objectives		
5.	Maintain personnel and tactical accountability of assigned resources		
6.	Coordinate with other Divisions/Groups		
7.	Provide C.A.N. report to Incident Commander		
	rformance outcome: The Division/Group supervisor will assume management,		
inci	luding personnel and tactical accountability, of the assigned resources to achieve the		
ass	signed objectives in support of the Incident Action Plan.		

Evaluator comments: _		
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	Evaluator signature:	



3.5

Level	II	Staging
Ma	ın	ager

Name:			
Date:			

**Description:** This skill guide is intended to instruct and/or evaluate the ability of an officer to establish Level II Staging.

### Reference

KCIMP 4.4

### Performance Standards

NFPA 1561: 5.10.8

LΔV	vel II staging Manager		
	sk: The officer will assume the role of Level II staging manager.		
	nditions: Given a major incident scenario with an assigned Level II staging, the officer in	will	
	sume the role of manager.	,,,,,	
uoc	Objectives	Р	F
1.	First apparatus arriving at Level II staging to assume Level II staging manager		
2.	Establish accountability of crews		
3.	Maintain status and inventory of available apparatus and teams		
	Total number of apparatus and total of each type		
	Total number of personnel and number on each apparatus		
4.	Dispatch units to the scene as called for by Incident Command or staging officer		
5.	Coordinate with Incident Command or staging officer to ensure adequate resources are available		
Pe	rformance outcome: The officer maintains accountability of apparatus and personnel		
in s	staging and maintains their ability to respond to the scene as requested.		
Eva	luator comments:		



3.6

Command	
Transfer	

Name: _	 			
Date:				

**Description:** This skill guide is intended to instruct and/or evaluate the ability of an officer to assume command of an incident.

### Reference

KCIMP 6.10

### Performance Standards

NFPA 1561: 8.9.1.7

Command transfer		
Task: The Incident Commander will transfer command to a new Incident Commander.		
Conditions: Given a structure fire scenario and multiple companies, the initial Incident	t	
Commander will transfer command, meeting the following objectives.		
Objectives	Р	F
1. Incoming Incident Commander arrives on scene and indicates their intention to		
assume command		
2. Incoming Incident Commander performs a scene size-up		
3. Current Incident Commander provides a current I.A.P.		
Identified problems and priorities		
Known safety hazards		
Current strategy		
Assigned and pending strategic objectives		
4. Accountability of resources and assignments are provided face to face (if possible)		
5. Incoming Incident Commander announces via radio that they have assumed		
command		
6. If not already completed, command post is named and located		
7. New Incident Commander performs re-evaluation of I.A.P.		
Performance outcome: Incident Command is transferred without loss of situational		
awareness, command presence, or accountability.		
Evaluator comments:		



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J	п	

Incident Safety
Officer

Name: _				
Date:				

**Description:** This skill guide is intended to instruct and/or evaluate the ability of a fire officer to initiate the role of Incident Safety Officer.

### Reference

KCIMP 3.4

#### Performance Standards

NFPA 1521, NFPA 1561: 8.13, 5.9.6.7, 5.9.6.11

### **Incident Safety Officer**

**Task:** The Incident Safety Officer will monitor incident safety and take actions necessary to ensure the safety of personnel operating on the scene.

**Conditions:** Given a structure fire scenario and multiple companies, the Incident Safety Officer will perform the following objectives.

	Objectives	Р	F
1.	Receive assignment as Incident Safety Officer from the Incident Commander		
	Don appropriate PPE		
2.	Obtain incident briefing from the Incident Commander		
	Incident Action Plan and known hazards and/or safety concerns		
3.	Ensure Stand-by or RIT is established (for IDLH incidents)		
4.	Ensure personnel accountability is in place		
5.	Perform 360° survey		
	Hazards, building construction, basement, utilities, fire above/below		
	Changing fire conditions and anticipated progression		
	Entry and primary/secondary egress points		
	Unsafe actions and conditions		
6.	Report findings/concerns to Incident Commander		
7.	Monitor for any unsafe actions/conditions and intervene as necessary		
8.	Communicate identified hazards and/or potential hazards to RIT(s)		
9.	Ensure control zones are appropriately utilized		
10.	Evaluate incident rehabilitation needs		
Per	formance outcome: Ensure the rules of engagement are followed and all risk is		
app	ropriately managed.		

Evaluator comments: .		_
		_
	Evaluator signature:	



3.8

Managing the	!
Mayday	

Name: _						
Date:						

**Description:** This skill guide is intended to instruct and/or evaluate the ability of an Incident Commander to receive the 'Mayday' call and provide for the management of the firefighter rescue and ongoing incident management.

### Reference

KCIMP - Managing the Mayday

### Performance Standards

NFPA 1561: 6.3

Man	aging the Mayday						
Tas	k: The Incident Commander	will demonstra	te competency	manag	ing a mayday.		
Con	ditions: Given a structure f	re scenario witl	n teams operat	ting offe	nsively and a firefight	er	
havi	ng a fire ground emergency,	the Incident Co	mmander will	complet	te the following object	ives.	
		Objecti	ves			Р	F
1.	Acknowledge the 'Mayday'	call on the first	attempt				
2.	Obtain complete information	n from the 'May	day' firefighter				
	Who	Wh	ere		What		
3.	Announce 'Mayday' situation	n					
4.	Obtain status of 'Mayday' fi	refighter's team					
5.	Perform roll call (if needed	o identify 'Mayo	day' firefighter)				
6.	Initiate emergency traffic (if	necessary)					
7.	Perform risk/benefit if interv	ention attempt					
8.	Activate RIT and/or reassig	n effective team	to assist 'May	/day' fire	efighter		
	Partner Assist Ba	ck-up team	Adjacent te	eam	RIT		
9.	Announce rescue plan to al	l units on scene	)				
10.	Request additional resource	es and prepare	for incident es	calation			
	RIT support teams	Replacer	ment RIT	Al	LS medical care		
11.	Maintain personnel and tac	tical accountabi	lity of all teams	6			
Peri	formance outcome: The In-	cident Comman	der receives th	he 'May	day' and		
аррі	ropriately assigns resources	to mitigate the s	situation while	maintaiı	ning personnel and		
tactical accountability of the emergency scene.							
Evalu	uator comments:						



4.0

Incident
Management

Name:						
Date:						

**Description:** This skill guide is intended to instruct and/or evaluate the ability of an Incident Commander to manage an incident.

### Reference

KCIMP manual

### Performance Standards

NFPA 1561: 5.3, 5.6.2 (b), 6.5.2 (b), 8

IHCIC	dent Management							
Task: The Incident Commander will demonstrate competency in managing an incident by								
deve	eloping and implementing an appropriate Incident Action Plan.							
Con	nditions: Given an IDLH scenario and multiple companies, the Incident Commander wil							
complete the following objectives.								
	Objectives	Р	F					
Initial Incident Management								
1.	Perform an arrival report (Skill Guide 1.1)							
2.	Perform scene size-up (Skill Guide 1.2)							
3.	Establish and maintain personnel and tactical accountability (Skill Guide 1.3)							
4.	Assign tactical objectives to achieve strategic objectives							
Ongoing Incident Management								
5.	Communicate with assigned resources							
6	Address and communicate benchmarks (Skill Guide 2.1)							
7.	Re-evaluate I.A.P. (Skill Guide 2.2)							
8.	Manage span of control							
9.	Operate in correct command status (I.E.A.T.)							
10.	Provide for incident rehabilitation							
11.	Transfer to secondary phase (Skill Guide 2.4)							
Performance outcome: The Incident Commander develops and communicates an								
appropriate I.A.P. and makes assignments to support it.								

Evaluator comments:

2<sup>nd</sup> Edition